

PRESENTER:
Lise Dreyfuss

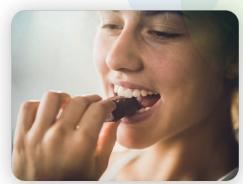
### **Background & Rationale:**

The current global pandemic has forced our traditional ways of working to evolve very rapidly.

In this context, sensory analysis performed with trained assessors in a central facility has shifted to more sustainable practices. Among them, at-home panels have turned out to be an efficient alternative to traditional ones.

In-home descriptive panels allow increased flexibility - a perfect match in agile and consumer-centric product development.





# In-home panels, a new normal for sensory descriptive analysis



### Sensory descriptive panels @ Facility

Location

Sensory Booths in Facility

Training moderation

Done in person within a group as open interaction, sharing product perceptions, defining attributes and establishing the attributes list / lexicon

Product preparation

According to defined preparation protocols



### **In-Home Descriptive Panels**

Partly at facility, partly at home

Use of online platforms, videos and tutorials to discuss and explain in online groups, sharing documents, establishing the lexicon

More one-to-one virtual meetings between panel leader and panellists individually using webcams and video recording

Special preparation for home delivery: facilitating easy, safety and hygienic use for home panellist

### **Advantages of Panels @ Facility**

- Controlled environmental conditions: room temperature, relative humidity, lights, distance between assessors, neutral odour, visual and sound ambiance
- Controlled product preparation: size, quantity, temperature of service, anonymisation, etc.
- Interaction between panelists during training to obtain agreement between assessors

### **Advantages of in-Home Panels**

- Allow the measuring of long-term sensory effects such as long-lastingness or remanence of characteristics without constraining panelists to stay in a central facility until the moment of measure
- Allow home conditions (material, water temperature and hardness) to be taken into account

## Challenges of in-Home Panels to Overcome

### **Creating detailed and supportive documents:**

- Easily understandable instructions for test protocol (pictures, videos, scenarios, etc.)
- Balanced presentation design for evaluation of products (sides of face/hair, days of evaluation)
- Instructions on testing environment (temperature, lights in evaluation room, etc.)

#### **Panelist compliance control:**

- Agreement to show testing environment at home
- Being familiar with digital tools (webcams, online questionnaires)

### Maintain the benefits of interaction between panelists

- Ensure group homogeneity and consistency in evaluation
- Use of video-conferencing tools to ensure group dynamic (alignment on definitions and scores usage)

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More pragmatic practices in descriptive analysis while maintaining the ever so important panel performance and quality of data.

### **Conclusion:**

Opening descriptive analysis to allow more variability, including being closer to real life.

Allow evaluation protocols for products to be more adapted to the actual use of products at home.

Contributes to more consumer centricity, increasing predictive power and return on research for the descriptive analysis as a whole.



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